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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/813,198	03/30/2004	Hanching G. Wang	PD-200109A	5150
Victor G. Coop	7590 04/04/200 er	EXAMINER		
Gates & Coppe	r LLP	WENDELL, ANDREW		
Howard Hughes Center 6701 Center Drive West, Suite 1050 Los Angeles, CA 90045			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2618	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			04/04/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/813,198	WANG ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	ANDREW WENDELL	2618				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	lely filed the mailing date of this communication. (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>07 Ja</u>	nuary 2008					
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	action is non-final.					
<i>,</i> —	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>27-44</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>27-32,35-39,43 and 44</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) <u>33-34 and 41-42</u> is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers	•					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner		Evaminor				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date						
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application						
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Dther:						

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 27-32, 35-40, and 43-44 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Miller et al. (US Pat# 6,535,734) in view of Patouraux (US Pat# 6,804,986) and further in view of Gayrard et al. (US Pat# 6,703,970).

Regarding claim 27, method claim 27 is rejected for the same reason as apparatus claim 35 since the recited elements would perform the claimed steps.

Regarding claim 28, method claim 28 is rejected for the same reason as apparatus claim 36 since the recited elements would perform the claimed steps.

Regarding claim 29, method claim 29 is rejected for the same reason as apparatus claim 37 since the recited elements would perform the claimed steps.

Regarding claim 30, method claim 30 is rejected for the same reason as apparatus claim 38 since the recited elements would perform the claimed steps.

Regarding claim 31, method claim 31 is rejected for the same reason as apparatus claim 39 since the recited elements would perform the claimed steps.

Regarding claim 32, method claim 32 is rejected for the same reason as apparatus claim 40 since the recited elements would perform the claimed steps.

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Regarding claim 35, Miller teaches means for computing asymmetry angles (correction for pitch, roll, and yaw angles; Col. 5 lines 27-49 and Col. 6 line 48-Col. 7 line 19); and means for using the asymmetry angles to correct the pointing angle using measurements (Abstract, Col. 3 lines 1-15, Col. 5 lines 27-49, and Col. 6 line 48-Col. 7 line 19). Miller fails to clearly teach a beacon sensor and beacon angles.

Patouraux teaches means for computing beacon asymmetry angles (pitch and roll angles, obvious there is beacon signals [therefore beacon asymmetry angles] being sent for a beacon sensor to be present); and beacon sensor measurements (Col. 4 lines 40-61).

Therefore, it would have been obvious at the time of the invention to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate a beacon sensor as taught by Patouraux into Miller's correction apparatus in order to provide fast measurements (Col. 1 lines 47-59).

Even though it is obvious that Miller in view of Patouraux teaches beacon asymmetry angles, examiner will use another reference to clearly illustrate that the signals (asymmetry angles) in Miller and Patouraux can be easily replaced with beacon signals (asymmetry angles).

Gayrard teaches beacon asymmetry angles (Col. 6 line 64-Col. 7 line 21, any beacon signal not aligned can have asymmetry angles).

Therefore, it would have been obvious at the time of the invention to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate beacon asymmetry angles as taught by Gayrard into a beacon sensor as taught by Patouraux

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into Miller's correction apparatus in order to lower costs and simplify design (Col. 2 lines 34-63).

Regarding claim 36, Patouraux teaches means for using the asymmetry angles as beacon bias angles (Col. 4 lines 40-61). Patouraux is vague in teaching beacon asymmetry angles.

Gayrard teaches beacon asymmetry angles (Col. 6 line 64-Col. 7 line 21).

Regarding claim 37, Patouraux teaches means for using the asymmetry angles as time-varying beacon bias angles (Col. 4 lines 40-61). Patouraux is vague in teaching beacon asymmetry angles.

Gayrard teaches beacon asymmetry angles (Col. 6 line 64-Col. 7 line 21).

Regarding claim 38, Miller teaches a terrestrially-based processor (Figs. 1-3). Miller fails to teach beacon asymmetry angles.

Gayrard teaches beacon asymmetry angles (Col. 6 line 64-Col. 7 line 21).

Regarding claim 39, Patouraux teaches a satellite-based processor (Col. 4 lines 40-61). Patouraux is vague in teaching beacon asymmetry angles.

Gayrard teaches beacon asymmetry angles (Col. 6 line 64-Col. 7 line 21).

Regarding claim 40, Miller further teaches means for computing a difference between known azimuth/elevation angles, and their corresponding predicted beamformed azimuth/elevation angles (Abstract, Col. 3 lines 1-15, Col. 5 lines 27-49, and Col. 6 line 48-Col. 7 line 19).

Regarding claim 43, method claim 43 is rejected for the same reason as apparatus claim 44 since the recited elements would perform the claimed steps.

Regarding claim 44, Gayrard further teaches wherein the beacon is a terrestrial beacon (Col. 6 line 64-Col. 7 line 21, satellite).

Allowable Subject Matter

3. Claims 33-34 and 41-42 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 27-44 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

5. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to ANDREW WENDELL whose telephone number is (571)272-0557. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:30-5 M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nay Maung can be reached on 571-272-7882. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Andrew Wendell/ Examiner, Art Unit 2618 /Nay A. Maung/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2618

3/21/2008